MINISTRY OF PUBLIC HEALTH OF UKRAINE

KHARKIV NATIONAL MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

The department of social science Academic year 2021/2022 SYLLABUS OF THE EDUCATIONAL COMPONENT **«ETHNOGRAPHY»**

Elective educational component Form of education: full-time education Branch of knowledge 22 «Health Care» Specialization 221 Dentistry Educational and professional program «Dentistry» Second (Master) level of higher education First year

Syllabus of study discipline approved at meeting of the Department of Social Sciences of the KhNMU Approved by the methodic commission KNMU on the problem of general and pre-professional training

of the KhNMU Protocol of "30" August 2021_№7

Protocol of "31" August 2021 № 7

Head of Department Robak I. Yu. (surname and initials) (signature)

Chairperson Vovk O. Yu.

(signature) (surname and initials)

Compilers of the syllabus: 1. Arzumanova Tetyana, PhD, Associate Professor Information about the teachers who teach the educational component

• Robak Igor Yuriyovych, the head of the Department, Professor, Doctor of Historical Sciences, iy.robak@knmu.edu.ua

• Alkov Volodymyr Andriyovych, Associate Professor, Candidate of Historical Sciences, va.alkov@knmu.edu.ua

• Demochko Anna Leonidivna, Associate Professor, Candidate of Historical Sciences, hl.demochko@knmu.edu.ua

• Chernukha Oleksandr Vasyliovych, Associate Professor, Candidate of Historical Sciences, ov.chernukha@knmu.edu.ua

• Arzumanova Tetyana Volodymyrivna, Associate Professor, Candidate of Historical Sciences, tv.arzumanova@knmu.edu.ua

• Trotsenko Oleksiy Volodymyrovych, senior lecturer, ov.trotsenko@knmu.edu.ua

Professional interests, links to the teacher's profile (on the website of the university, department, in the Moodle system, etc.): history, culturology

Contact phone (057) 707-73-37

Consultations according to the schedule posted on the information stand of the department and in the cathedral directory in the MOODLE system (http://distance.knmu.edu.ua/course/view.php?id=107)

Location:

Ave. Nauki, 4, Kharkiv, Kharkiv National Medical University, Main Building, 3rd floor, Department of Social Sciences

INTRODUCTION

The syllabus of the discipline "Ethnography" is compiled in accordance with the educational professional program (hereinafter - EPP) "Dentistry" and the Standard of Higher Education of Ukraine (hereinafter - the Standard), the second (master's) level, field of knowledge 22 "Health care", specialization 221"Dentistry"

Course description.

Formation of a strong educational potential, achieving the highest quality of student's training is an important condition for development of modern society. Reforming higher education, the processes of European integration and globalization require health care professionals to take into account specifics of regions, their culture, religion, and worldview for using it in medical activities. Study of this discipline requires from students a creative approach for solving educational problems and the ability to determine their own trajectory of the educational process, which will allow to use teaching hours in the most efficient way.

The subject of study. The subject of the course "Ethnography" is the cultural and everyday life of peoples. Ethnography defines ethnic groups as very complex socio-biological intergenerational human communities that can exist as fully self-sufficient systems. The study of a composition of ethnic groups of Ukraine, their natural habitats, ethnosocial and ethnodemographic study of the population is an urgent task for training of modern specialists. The acquisition of knowledge in ethnography is an important part of their general professional medical education, which should contribute to a deeper understanding of aspects of the behavior of individuals, social groups and ethnic groups in work.

Interdisciplinary connections. The study of the discipline is associated with the mastery of disciplines taught in the I-V years: "History and culture of Ukraine", "Philosophy", "Study of Culture", "Ethnography", "Political Science", "Medical Studies", "Ethics", "Religious Studies", "Medical Kharkiv in Personalities", "Medicine and Politics". "Ethnography" is objectively integrated with the disciplines "Medicine and Art Culture", "Medical Subculture", "Fundamentals of Christian Ethics and Morality", "Fundamentals of Economic Theories" and others.

Prerequisites. The study of the discipline involves prior mastering of subjects that give a basic idea of society: "History and Culture of Ukraine", "Medical Local Lore", "Philosophy", "Sociology".

Postrequisites. "Ethnography" is objectively integrated with disciplines that provide further training of medical students: "History of the Modern World", "Philosophy", "Study of Culture", "Ethnography", "Political Science", "Medical Local Lore", "Ethics", "Religious Studies", "Medical Kharkiv in Personalities", "History of Health Care in Kharkiv", "Medicine and Politics". "History and Culture

of Ukraine" is objectively integrated with the disciplines "Medicine and Art Culture", "Medical Subculture", "Fundamentals of Christian Ethics and Morality", "Fundamentals of Economic Theories".

1. The purpose and objectives of the course

1.1. The purpose of teaching the discipline "Ethnography" is to form appropriate to the current level of ethnographic ideas about the ethnic map of Ukraine, to acquaint students with the ethnographic features of the Ukrainian people, its customs, ethnopsychology and ethnopedagogy.

1.2. The main tasks of studying the discipline "Ethnography" are:

- education of respectful attitude of foreign students to Ukrainian culture and society on the basis of knowledge about cultural and everyday traditions and regional features of Ukraine;

- formation of basic knowledge about scientific approaches to the study of the peoples of the world and assessment of their contribution to world culture;

- formation of critical thinking, based on scientific achievements, conclusions that will be a reliable safeguard against xenophobia and chauvinistic statements and actions;

- mastering the skills of understanding national psychology and the formation of national consciousness based on knowledge about the contribution of peoples to world culture.

1.3. Competences and learning outcomes, the formation of which is facilitated by the discipline (relationship with the normative content of training of higher education, formulated in terms of learning outcomes in the EPP and Standard).

1.3.1. The study of the discipline provides students with the acquisition of competencies:

1.3.1. The study of the discipline provides students with the acquisition of competencies:

Integral:

Ability to cope with difficult tasks and problems in the field of health care in speciality "Dentistry" in the professional activity or during the process of training, the above providing researches and/or innovations and being characterized by indefinite conditions and demands.

General:

GC1 – Capacity for abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis; ability to study and be modernly trained

GC2 – Capacity for using knowledge in practical situations

GC4 – Capacity for adapting and acting in a new situation

GC5 – Capacities for making sound judgements and for working in a team; skills of interpersonal interaction

GC6 – Capacity for communicating in the state language both in the oral and written forms; Capacity for communicating in a foreign language

GC7 – Skills of using informative and communicative technologies

GC9 – Capacity for acting in the socially responsible and conscious way

Professional:

PC1 – Skills of questioning

PC15 – Capacity for carrying out epidemiological and medical-statistical studies of the health of population; processing of state, social, economic and medical information

PC16 – Capacity for assessing effects of environmental, socioeconomic and biological determinants on the state of human health in individuals, families and populations.

PC17 – Capacity for analyzing the activity of a doctor, unit, health care institution, and for taking measures in order to provide quality and safety of medical aid and increase the efficacy of using medical resources

1.3.2. The study of the discipline provides students with the acquisition of the following **program results of training:**

PRT 1. To isolate and identify leading clinical symptoms, signs and syndromes (by List 1); to make a probable nosological or initial syndromic clinical diagnosis of a dental disease according to standard methods on the basis of preliminary data of the patient's anamnesis, those of his/her examination and knowledge of the human being, human organs and systems (by List 2).

PRT 4. To define the final clinical diagnosis observing proper ethical and legal regulations by means of making a sound judgement and a logical analysis of available subjective and objective data of clinical and additional examinations and differential diagnosis under the control of the leading doctor in conditions of a medical institution (by List 2.1).

PRT 5. To diagnose urgent states in any situations (at home, outdoors, at medical institution), in conditions of an emergency, martial law, lack of information and limited time (by List 4).

PRT 20. To organize the required level of the individual safety (of one's own and people under care) in case of appearance of typical dangerous situations in the individual sphere of activity.

PRT 21. To carry out medical manipulations on the basis of the initial and/or final clinical diagnosis (by Lists 2, 2.1) for different segments of the population and in different conditions (by List 6).

1.3.3. The study of the discipline provides students with the following social skills (Soft skills): communication skills, leadership, responsibility, ability to work in critical conditions, resolve conflicts, work in a team, manage their time, make decisions independently, think critically.

| Name of indicators | Field of knowledge, | Characteristics of the | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Ivalle of indicators | specialization, educational | discipline | |

2. INFORMATION SCOPE OF THE COURSE

| | and qualification level | full-time education | evening form of study (absent) |
|--|---|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Number of credits - 3 | Branch of knowledge: 22 "Health care" | Ele | ective |
| | | The year of | f preparation: |
| | Specialization: | 1 st | - |
| The total number of hours is 90 | 221 "Dentistry" | Semester | |
| nours is 90 | | 1^{st} | - |
| | | Lectures | |
| | | | - |
| | | Practica | al, seminar |
| | | 40 hours | - |
| Hours for full-time | Educational and | Laboratory | |
| study: | | - | - |
| classrooms - 40 individual student work - 50 | qualification level: II master's level | Individual work | |
| | EPP "Dentistry" | 50 hours | - |
| | Leff Denusuy | Individ | ual tasks: |
| | | • - | - ntrol: current, redit |

2.1 Description of the discipline

2.2.2 Seminars

| | .2.2 Semmars | | | |
|----|---|----------------------|---|---|
| N⁰ | Topic title | Quantity of hours | Teaching methods | Forms of control |
| | | of nours | | control |
| 1 | Introduction. Subject and tasks of the course "Ethnography". History of ethnographic science in the world and in Ukraine. | 8 | problem-based learning, business games, brainstorming, group work, developmental | Oral interview, test survey in the MOODLE system |
| 2 | Origin and ethnic development of Ukrainians. Ethnic territory and modern ethnic processes in Ukraine. | 8 | learning, multilevel learning, heuristic conversations, discussions and debates, | |

| 3 4 5 | Traditional branches of production of Ukrainians. Arts and crafts. Folk architecture. Ukrainian national dress. Traditions of national food. Community. Family customs and rituals. Folk | 8 8 8 8 | presentation method, project- based learning method, organization of excursions to museums and exhibitions | |
|-------------|--|------------------|---|--|
| | knowledge, beliefs, customs, and rituals. | | | |
| | Total | 40 | | I] |
| 2 | 2.3 Practical classes are no 2.2.4. Laboratory classes are 2.2.5. Individual work | - | ed | |
| N⁰ | Topic title | Quantity | Teaching | Forms of |
| 3/П | | of hours | methods | control |
| 1 | Introduction. Subject and tasks of the course "Ethnography". History of ethnographic science in the world and in Ukraine. | 5 | problem-based learning, group work, multilevel learning, presentation method, project | Oral interview, test survey in the MOODLE system, participation in scientific |
| 2 | Origin and ethnic development of Ukrainians. Ethnic territory and modern ethnic processes in Ukraine. | 14 | learning method | conferences |
| 3 | Traditional branches of production of Ukrainians. Arts and crafts. | 14 | | |
| 4 | Folk architecture. Ukrainian national dress. Traditions of national food. | 7 | | |
| 5 | Community. Family customs and rituals. Folk knowledge, beliefs, | 10 | | |

| customs, and rituals. | | |
|-----------------------|----|--|
| Total | 50 | |

Teaching methods. During lectures and practical lessons it is recommended to use such pedagogical methods: problematic education, business games, «brain storm», work in groups, developing education, multilevel training (taking into account the abilities of different students), heuristic conversations, debates and discussions, preparing report-presentations, method of project training (preparing by student the independent research project), excursions to museums and exhibitions.

Methods of control (only those used in teaching the discipline are given):

Current control. During the current control methods of individual and faceto-face interviews, written testing, writing creative works (essays, reviews, reviews, own statements), microphone method, problem solving, work with sources and scientific literature, watching movies with further discussion are used, work in groups, verification tests.

Final control is carried out at the last lesson in the form of the final lesson, which includes control of all types of training provided by the curriculum. According to the results of educational activities, a test is set on a two-point scale "credited" - "not credited". A grade on a traditional scale is also given.

3. EVALUATION CRITERIA

3.1. Evaluation of the success of students' education is carried out on the basis of "Instructions for evaluating the educational activities of higher education students in KhNMU" (Table 2).

Table 2

Recalculation of the average score for current activities in a multi-point scale (for disciplines ending with a credit)

| 4-point scale | 200- point scale | 4-point scale | 200- point scale | 4-point scale | 200- point scale |
|------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| 5 | 200 | 4.22-4,23 | 169 | 3.45-3,46 | 138 |
| 4.97-4,99 | 199 | 4.19-4,21 | 168 | 3.42-3,44 | 137 |
| 4.95-4,96 | 198 | 4.17-4,18 | 167 | 3.4-3,41 | 136 |
| 4.92-4,94 | 197 | 4.14-4,16 | 166 | 3.37-3,39 | 135 |
| 4.9-4,91 | 196 | 4.12-4,13 | 165 | 3.35-3,36 | 134 |
| 4.87-4,89 | 195 | 4.09-4,11 | 164 | 3.32-3,34 | 133 |
| 4.85-4,86 | 194 | 4.07-4,08 | 163 | 3.3-3,31 | 132 |
| 4.82-4,84 | 193 | 4.04-4,06 | 162 | 3.27-3,29 | 131 |

| 4.8-4,81 | 192 | 4.02-4,03 | 161 | 3.25-3,26 | 130 |
|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|-------------|-------------------|
| 4.77-4,79 | 191 | 3.99-4,01 | 160 | 3.22-3,24 | 129 |
| 4.75-4,76 | 190 | 3.97-3,98 | 159 | 3.2-3,21 | 128 |
| 4.72-4,74 | 189 | 3.94-3,96 | 158 | 3.17-3,19 | 127 |
| 4.7-4,71 | 188 | 3.92-3,93 | 157 | 3.15-3,16 | 126 |
| 4.67-4,69 | 187 | 3.89-3,91 | 156 | 3.12-3,14 | 125 |
| 4.65-4,66 | 186 | 3.87-3,88 | 155 | 3.1-3,11 | 124 |
| 4.62-4,64 | 185 | 3.84-3,86 | 154 | 3.07-3,09 | 123 |
| 4.6-4,61 | 184 | 3.82-3,83 | 153 | 3.05-3,06 | 122 |
| 4.57-4,59 | 183 | 3.79-3,81 | 152 | 3.02-3,04 | 121 |
| 4.54-4,56 | 182 | 3.77-3,78 | 151 | 3-3,01 | 120 |
| 4.52-4,53 | 181 | 3.74-3,76 | 150 | Less than 3 | Not sufficient |
| 4.5-4,51 | 180 | 3.72-3,73 | 149 | | I |
| 4.47-4,49 | 179 | 3.7-3,71 | 148 | | |
| 4.45-4,46 | 178 | 3.67-3,69 | 147 | | |
| 4.42-4,44 | 177 | 3.65-3,66 | 146 | | |
| 4.4-4,41 | 176 | 3.62-3,64 | 145 | | |
| 4.37-4,39 | 175 | 3.6-3,61 | 144 | | |
| 4.35-4,36 | 174 | 3.57-3,59 | 143 | | |
| 4.32-4,34 | 173 | 3.55-3,56 | 142 | | |
| 4.3-4,31 | 172 | 3.52-3,54 | 141 | | |
| 4,27-4,29 | 171 | 3.5-3,51 | 140 | | |
| 4.24-4,26 | 170 | 3.47-3,49 | 139 | | |

The maximum amount of points for the course is 200 points, the minimum acceptable for credit - 120 points.

3.2. Test questions:

1. Characterize methodological principles and methods of ethnographic research.

2. Identify the main tasks and functions of Ethnography.

3. Give a detailed description of research schools and directions in Ethnography.

4. Give characteristics of ethnic features of ancient Rus people.

5. Indicate features of the formation and development of the Ukrainian nation. Give examples of names of Ukraine and the Ukrainians.

6. Describe ethnic processes and interethnic relations in Ukraine.

7. Identify features of historical and ethnographic regions of Ukraine.

8. Name the subethnic and ethnographic groups of the Ukrainians.

9. Describe the ethnic composition of population of Ukraine.

10. Describe traditional tools, methods of soil processing and recycling of harvest by ethnic Ukrainians.

11. Characterize traditions of animal husbandry and cattle breeding in Ukrainian countryside.

12. Describe auxiliary occupations of the Ukrainian population: hunting, fishing, and beekeeping.

13. Describe decorative and applied arts of Ukrainian people.

14. Name types and forms of settlements in Ukraine.

15. Describe a folk architecture of rural residential complexes.

16. Describe Ukrainian traditional national dress and name regional differences.

17. Describe the system of food and cooking.

18. Describe traditional Ukrainian social forms of labour, communication, and leisure.

19. Identify special features of a Ukrainian family and marriage.

20. Explain traditional family customs and rituals.

21. Describe the worldview and beliefs of the Ukrainians.

22. Describe calendar and household rituals and stages of their formation.

3.3. Test questions for seminars

Topic 1.

1. The essence and content of Ethnography, its object, subject, basic concepts.

2. Methodological principles and methods of Ethnography.

3. The main tasks and functions of ethnography.

4. Origin and establishment of Ethnography as a separate scientific discipline. Schools and directions in ethnography.

Тема 2.

1. Ancient Slavic people as autochthonous natives of Eastern Europe. Ethnic features of the ancient Rus people.

2. Formation and development of the Ukrainian nation. Name of Ukraine and Ukrainians.

3. Ethnic processes and interethnic relations in Ukraine. Historical and ethnographic regions of Ukraine.

4. Subethnic and ethnographic groups of Ukrainians. Ethnic composition of population of Ukraine.

Topic 3.

1. Farming. Instruments and methods of soil processing and recycling of harvest.

2. Traditions of animal husbandry and cattle breeding in Ukrainian village.

3. Auxiliary activities of population: hunting, fishing, beekeeping.

4. Traditional crafts and trades. Decorative and applied art of the Ukrainian people.

Topic 4.

1. Types and forms of settlements in Ukraine.

2. Folk architecture of rural residential complexes.

3. Ukrainian traditional national dress. Regional complexes of traditional Ukrainian clothing.

4. Food system and folk cuisine.

Topic 5.

1. Traditional public communities. Social forms of labour, communication, and leisure.

2. Family and marriage. Family customs and rituals.

3. Folk knowledge, worldview and beliefs of the Ukrainians.

4. Calendar and household rituals: stages of formation.

4. DISCIPLINE POLICY

Discipline requirements

Written assignments and homework must be submitted in time. In case of questions students can contact the teacher personally or by e-mail which the teacher will provide in the first practical lesson.

During the lecture students are recommended to compose the lesson's summary and keep a sufficient level of silence. It is welcomed to pose the questions to a lecturer.

It is important to follow next rules:

- respect to colleagues;
- tolerance toward others and experience of people;
- receptivity and impartiality;

- ability to respect the person even in a case of disagreement with its thoughts;

- thorough reasoning of own opinion and courage to change it under the influence of counter arguments;

- self-expression when the person avoids the unnecessary generalizations, describes own feelings and forms expectations relying on own thoughts and emotions;

obligatory work with the recommended sources of information.

The creative approach in its different forms is welcomed. In particular it is a participation in scientific conferences.

Attendance and behaviour

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The students are expected to attend all lectures and practical lessons. In a case of skipping the class it is necessary to work off it according to the department's schedule.

Actions that are allowed during lessons:

- Leave the classroom for a short time in case of necessities and with a permission of teacher;

- To take a photos of presentations;
- To take active part in a course of the lesson.

Prohibited:

- Eating (except people whose special medical situation requires the opposite – in that case the medical confirmation is needed);

Smoking, consuming of alcohol;

Rude behaviour, expression of obscenities and offend someone's

dignity;

Gambling;

- To damage the university equipment;

- To make a noise or listen a music in classrooms or corridors during the lessons.

Using of electronic gadgets

Using of electronic gadgets during studying is allowed without restriction except those cases when it may interfere with the ways of objective assessment of students' knowledge.

Policy for people with the special educational needs

The studying is carried out taking into account the requirements of modern Ukrainian legislation in relation to persons with special educational needs and is regulated by the university.

Recommendations for successful mastering the discipline

In the process of preparation for practical classes students should study the recommended literature. Active participation during the discussion in the classroom is welcome, students should be ready to understand the material in detail, ask questions, express their point of view, discuss.

Incentives and penalties

According to the "Instructions for the evaluation of educational activities in the European credit-transfer system of the educational process in the KhNMU" students can increase the grade for the module by performing individual tasks (making the reports, participation in scientific conferences, competitions, preparation of reviews, etc.) in case of success gives 10 points as an incentive.

Safety precautions

The first lesson includes an explanation of the basic principles of labour protection. Every student should know the location of nearest evacuation exit, the fire extinguisher, how to use it, etc.

Procedure for informing about changes in the syllabus

The possible changes in the syllabus will be announced on the department page of the official website of KhNMU, in the department's directory in Moodle, and at the dean-office

5. ACADEMIC INTEGRITY

One of the elements of academic culture that the university instills is the student's understanding of the inadmissibility of any borrowing without proper references. Given this, the main task of teachers is to form students' skills of independent work, interest in learning and socially significant values. The first sessions will provide information on what to consider plagiarism and how to properly conduct a research search.

6. Recommended literature

- 1. McElroy, A (1996), <u>"Medical Anthropology"</u> (PDF), in D. Levinson; M. Ember (eds.), Encyclopedia of Cultural Anthropology, archived from <u>the</u> <u>original</u> (PDF) on 2012-10-01
- 2. Ann McElroy; Patricia K. Townsend (1989), <u>Medical Anthropology in</u> <u>Ecological Perspective</u> (2nd ed.), Boulder, Colorado: Westview Press, <u>ISBN 0-8133-0742-2</u>
- 3. Charlotte Seymour-Smith (1990), Macmillan Dictionary of Anthropology, London: Macmillan Press, pp. 187–188, <u>ISBN 0-333-39334-1</u>
- Scotch, Norman A (1963), "Medical Anthropology", in <u>Bernard J.</u> <u>Siegel</u> (ed.), Biennial Review of Anthropology, **3**, Stanford, California: Stanford University Press, pp. 30–68 <u>Book review citing details</u>
- Comelles, Josep M (March 2000), "The Role of Local Knowledge in Medical Practice: A Trans-Historical Perspective", <u>Culture, Medicine and</u> <u>Psychiatry</u>, 24 (1): 41– 75, doi:10.1023/a:1005560608783, <u>PMID</u> 10757209, <u>S2CID</u> 594042
- 6. Francine Saillant; Serge Genest (2007), <u>Medical anthropology: regional</u> perspectives and shared concerns, Malden, Ma: Blackwell, <u>ISBN 978-1-4051-5249-5</u>
- Monoclonal Antibodies to Migraine: Witnesses to Modern Biomedicine, an A-Z : Ed E M Jones and E M Tansey Queen Mary University, University of London 2014
- Lézé, Samuel (2014) "<u>Anthropology of mental illness</u>", in : Andrew Scull (ed.), Cultural Sociology of Mental Illness : an A-to-Z Guide, Sage, pp. 31-32
- Ialenti, Vincent F., A Review of Humanistic Scholarship on Health Insurance, Policy, and Reform in the United States (April 2011). 2011 Tobin Workshop on Behavioral/Institutional Research and Regulation of the New Health Insurance Market, Cornell Law School, April 28–29, 2011 <u>https://ssrn.com/abstract=1995046</u>

 Farmer, Paul (1999) Infections and Inequalities: The Modern Plagues. Berkeley, University of California Press. Farmer, Paul (2003) Pathologies of Power: Health, Human Rights, and the New War on the Poor. Berkeley, University of California Press.

7. INFORMATION RESOURCES

1. <u>"Sociocultural Anthropology and Ethnography | Department of Anthropology"</u>. Retrieved 25 September 2021. Layton, Robert (1998) An Introduction to Theory in Anthropology. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

2. <u>Bloch, Maurice</u> (1991). "Language, Anthropology and Cognitive Science". Man. **26** (2): 183–198. <u>doi:10.2307/2803828</u>. <u>JSTOR 2803828</u>.

3. Bernard, H. Russell (2002). <u>Research Methods in Anthropology</u>(PDF). <u>Altamira</u> <u>Press</u>. p. 322. <u>ISBN 978-0-7591-0868-4</u>. Archived from <u>the original</u> (PDF) on 4 November 2016. Robbins, R.H. & Larkin, S.N. (2007). Cultural Anthropology: A problem based approach. Toronto, ON: Nelson Education Ltd. Ingold, Timothy (2008).

4. <u>"Anthropology is not ethnography"</u>. Proceedings of the British Academy. **154**: 69–92. <u>ISSN 0068-1202</u>.

5. Pountney, Laura (5 October 2015). Introducing anthropology. Maric, Tomislav. Cambridge, UK. <u>ISBN 978-0-7456-9977-6</u>. <u>OCLC 909318382</u>.

6. Cattell, Maria and Marjorie M. Schweitzer, editors. Women in Anthropology: Autobiographical Narratives and Social History. (Left Coast Press:Walnut Creek), pp 15-40. <u>ISBN 1-59874-083-0</u>

5. McElroy, A (1996). <u>"Medical Anthropology"</u> (PDF). In D. Levinson; M. Ember (eds.). Encyclopedia of Cultural Anthropology. Archived from <u>the riginal</u> (PDF) on 1 October 2012. Retrieved 2 June 2010.